# Intervention Simplified

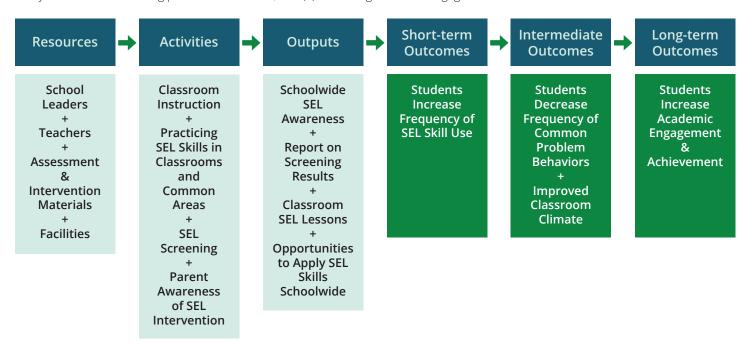


Evaluating student progress and outcomes

Of a classwide SEL intervention program

When a new educational program is implemented for students, it is expected to change students' behaviour and/or improve their academic performance in measureable ways. In the case of social–emotional learning (SEL) interventions, many researchers and policy leaders expect effective interventions to have several positive effects on students. Such expectations are based on a theory of change (like that illustrated below) with rigorous evidence to support it.

For example, DiPerna and colleagues (2015, 2016, 2017), in a randomised control trial in six elementary schools funded by the U.S. Department of Education, provided strong evidence to support the SSIS SEL Edition Classwide Intervention Program's (CIP; Elliott & Gresham, 2017a) six-phase program. Specifically, these researchers reported that using the six-phase process resulted in students (1) learning social–emotional skills and performing these desired behaviours more frequently, (2) concurrently reducing the frequency of many common externalising problem behaviours, and (3) increasing academic engagement and in some cases achievement test scores.



The Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning (CASEL) published a guide to SEL programs in 2012 with these expectations: more frequent positive social behaviour, fewer conduct problems, less emotional stress, and more academic success. Many current SEL researchers and policy leaders support the expectation that effective SEL programs have a *triple positive impact* on students.



Sound accountability and ethical practice, however, dictate that educators support their theories of change with actual evidence that such programs work as intended rather than simply accept testimonies or research reports based on different students in different schools. Many educators struggle to evaluate SEL intervention programs for at least three reasons. First, the use of control or comparison groups is often not desirable in such evaluation efforts. Second, the repeated assessment of many students to document changes from a program is time consuming and can be expensive. Third, most existing assessments available to measure intervention effectiveness are poorly aligned with the skills being taught in SEL programs. These challenges, however, can be overcome and often result in program improvements that help sustain an SEL program.

In this brief, we examine a systematic procedure for evaluating an SEL program and how to support it with technically sound assessments. Program evaluation is complex and has been discussed in entire books and professional standards (e.g., U.S. Department of Education, 2014; Yarbrough, Shulha, Hopson, & Caruthers, 2011). Thus, consider this brief a starting point for planning an evaluation of an SEL intervention program and selecting assessment tools to measure and document the expected outcomes.

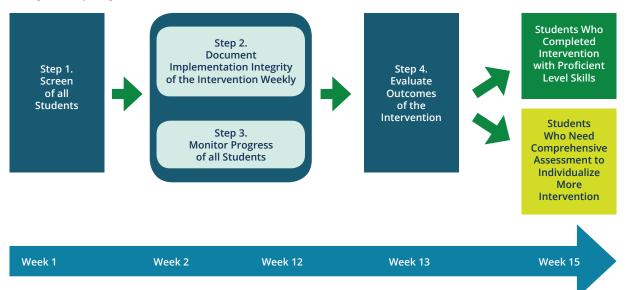
# Planning for and documenting expected changes in students' behavior

Before collecting data for your evaluation, you must decide on an overall evaluation design and select assessments that measure the behaviours and skills targeted for change. If your intervention is expected to have an effect on students' social—emotional skills, problem behaviours, and academic achievement, you will need assessments for each of these areas. In addition, these assessments should be able to be administered at least twice—once at the beginning of the program to establish a baseline and again after the completion of the program to document any change that occurred from the beginning of the program. Ideally, for comparison purposes, it is best to have a control group of very similar students in a very similar school who are not receiving the intervention program at the same time. Such a comparison would allow you to determine the potential added value of the intervention program over typical educational practices and student growth. When a comparison or control group is not feasible, you can use a pre-intervention to post-intervention design to document the direction and magnitude of any changes in students' behavior.

## The intervention evaluation process

A basic evaluation of an SEL intervention program should answer three questions: Was the intervention implemented as designed? Did the intervention have the desired effect on students? Were there any negative unintentional effects for students or users of the intervention? To collect and synthesize the evidence needed to answer these questions, follow the four-step process

illustrated here. (Note: the amount of time needed for this process is a function of the length of the intervention program; some programs are significantly longer than illustrated here.)



# Tools for assessing students' social and academic skills

The SSIS SEL Edition CIP and assessment components (Elliott & Gresham, 2017b; Gresham & Elliott, 2017) were expressly designed for use in a multi-tiered support system to capture the status and growth of students' social—emotional skills and related problem and academic behaviours. The SSIS SEL Edition assessments measure skills representative of the social—emotional competencies of self-awareness, self-management, social awareness, relationship skills, and responsible decision making (CASEL, 2012). Specifically, the SSIS SEL Edition consists of three coordinated and content-aligned components designed to measure each of the social—emotional and academic competencies.

- SSIS SEL Edition Screening/Progress Monitoring Scales: This brief (30 to 40 minutes), class-based, criterion-referenced set of rating rubrics is used to assess student-based strengths and improvement areas across five SEL and three academic competencies. This assessment is completed by teachers to identify students' levels of SEL and academic functioning and can also be used to evaluate student progress in and outcomes of skill development programs that teach the CASEL SEL competencies.
- SSIS SEL Edition Teacher, Parent, and Student Forms: These norm-referenced rating scales can be completed in 10 minutes or less by a teacher, parent, or student, and provide different viewpoints on the social–emotional functioning of individual students ages 3 to 18 years. The Teacher Form consists of 58 items and is used to generate scores for each of the five SEL competencies, as well as a score for academic competence. The Parent Form (51 items) and the Student Form (46 items) are used to generate scores for the five SEL competencies.
- SSIS SEL Edition Intervention Integrity and Outcome Evaluation Report: This teacher- or observer-completed form is used as a formative measure to document the degree to which an intervention skill unit was implemented as planned. For each skill unit and instructional step (i.e., Tell, Show, Do, Practice, Monitor Progress, and Generalise), users record an implementation rating (2 = fully, 1 = partially, 0 = not at all). These ratings are summed to yield a total implementation percentage with the goal of > 80% for a high intervention integrity. Concurrently, users also record evaluative judgments regarding the outcome of the intervention units using a 4-point scale (4 = highly effective, 3 = moderately effective, 2 = minimally effective, 1 = not effective). Users complete both the integrity and effectiveness ratings after teaching a skill lesson.

# Documenting and interpreting change resulting from interventions

The SSIS SEL Edition Screening/Progress Monitoring Scales and the Rating Forms can be administered and scored digitally or they can be administered via paper and scored digitally.

#### **Conclusions**

Evaluating a new SEL intervention program is important and challenging, but achievable with the right tools and a design that allows for pre- and post-intervention assessments of students' social—emotional skills, problem behaviors, and academic competence.

## More information on SEL programs

Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning. (2012). Effective social and emotional learning programs.

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# To learn more about the SSIS SEL Edition assessments and intervention products, visit Pearsonclinical.co.uk/SSISSEL.

